CREFFICAL TIEMS LIST

ASSY. NOMENCLATURE __CCTV/ITVC_

ASSY. P/N 2000744261_

FAILURE EFFECT						Ï	T	
NAME, QTY & DRAWINGS	- Increase	FAILURE MODE	END	l	1	CREW/	DATERNALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	DAJE
REF. DESIGNATION	FUNCTION	AND CAUSE	LTEH	INTERFACE	WI2210M	VEHICLE	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	<u> </u>
[TVC, 1, Wrist Stack 2000744261 [ETVC 4.4		Loss of camera telemetry un lines 11,12.13, 14,16,17,18, & 19 of the wertical blank- ing interval. A4 Cmd Dec/Tel Enc		No Videa	Lass of Hissian (Critica) Videa	Moné	See Sheet 2	
		:	will be misinter-peter as an over tempera-ture and cause an alarm to be issued.					
,			Morst Case Loss of overtem- perature Indic. could result in loss			į		
			of the camera and inabil- ity to verify payload bay latch closure.					!

WP/27290

DESIGN FEATURES

The IIVC is comprised of 70 electrical subassemblies; 13 subassemblies are Lockheed Harlin Astro Space designed and fabricated using standard printed circuit board type construction. The remaining six assemblies, 3 stepper motors, High Voltage Power Supply (HVPS), Intensified CCD (ICCD), and tens assembly are vendor supplied components, which have been specified and purchased according to Lockheed Martin Specification Control Drawings (SCDs) prepared by Engineering and Product Assurance. Specifications per the SCO are performance, test, qualification, and acceptance requirements for a procured piece of equipment. Parts. materials, processes, and design quidelines for the 11VC program are specified in accordance with Lockheed Martin 3267828. This document defines the program requirements.

MIL-STO-975G will serve as the primary tet parts selection document. If a suitable part cannot be found in MIL-STO-975G, equivalent EEE parts that meet the fullowing criteria may be substituted.

Microcircuits are at least Class H level, MIL-M-38510 devices. All microcircuits are subjected to Particle Impact Noise Detection (PCNO) testing per MIL-STO-883C (except for devices with plastic epoxytype package).

Diodes and transistors are at least JANIXV in accordance with MI1-5-19500. All semi-conductors in cavity-type packages are subjected to PINO testing per MIL-SID-883C.

DLSIGN TEATURES (Cont.)

Relays are procured to the highest military established reliability [MIL-ER] Level as defined in MIL-R-39016. Relays are subject to PIND lesting.

Switches are procured to at least the second highest level of the appropriate MIL-CR specification. Switches are subjected to either PIND testing or X-ray analysis as appropriate, for particle detection.

Other discrete parts are procured to at least the second highest level of the appropriate MIL-ER specification.

Parts not included in the above documents have been used in the design only after a non-standard parts acceptance request (NSPAR) has been prepared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering and approved for use in the specific application(s) defined in the NSPAR by MASA-JSC.

Worst case circuit analyses have been performed and documented for all circuit designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating margins exist for all operating conditions. The analysis was worst case in that the value for each of the variable parameters was set to limits that will drive the output to a maximum (or min.) A component approach review and analysis was conducted to verify that the applied stress on each piece part by the Lemperature extremes identified with environmental qualification testing does not exceed the stress derating values identified in tockheed Martin 3267828.

QESIGN_FEATURES (Cont.)

In addition, an objective examination of the design was performed through a Preliminary Design Review and Critical Design Review to verify that the TTVC met specification and contractual requirements.

WARE DOARD DESIGN

All boards are constructed from laminated copper-clad opoxy glass sheets per MII-P-13949 Type GC Grade A. Circuit connections are made through printed traces which run from point to point on the board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular ring. The annular ring surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. This ring provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechanical and electrical performance. Its size and shape are governed by MCL-P-\$5640 as are trace widths, spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated specifically in drawing notes to Further assure compliance. Variations between the artwork master and the final product (due to irregularities of the etching process) are also controlled by grawing notes. This prevents waking defective boards from good artwork. Hales which house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrically interconnect the different board layers, contain stitch bars for mechanical support and increased reliability.

The through holes are drilled from a drill tape thus eliminating the possibility of human error and allowing tight control over hole and annular ring concentricity, an important reliability criterion. After drilling and etching, all copper cladding RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE. (Continued)

BANE BOARD DESIGN (Cont.)
is tim-lead plated per HIL-STO-1495. This
provides for easy and reliable soldering
at the time of board assembly, even after
periods of prolonged storage.

GOARD ASSEMBLY DESIGN

All components are installed in a manner which assures maximum reliability.
Compunent leads are pre-tinned, allowing total welling of solder joints. All leads are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies of large components are staked. Special mounting and handling instructions are included in each drawing required after final assembly. The board is coated with urethage which protects against humidity and contamination.

ACCEPTANCE TEST

Each assembly is individually tested to a MASA approved Acceptance Test Procedure IP-AI-20007442. The Acceptance Test Flow is detailed in attached Table I.

QUALIFICATION TEST

The Qualification unit is identical to the flight unit configuration in every respect and is used solely for the purpose of qualification testing. The Qual unit must successfully complete acceptance testing prior to entering qualification testing. The Qual unit, has passed testing in accordance with NASA approved test plan PN-C-20007442. The Qualification Test Flow is detailed in attached Table 2.

<u>OPERATIONAL TESTS</u>

In order to verify that CCIV components are operational, a test must verify the health of all the command related components from the PMS (ATAI) panel switch, through the RCU, through the sync lines to the Camera/PIU, to the Camera/PIU command decoder. The Lest must also verify the camera's ability to produce video, the YSU's ability to route video, and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test would be performed to verify the MMM command path.

Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In Flight Test

- Power CCIV System.
- Via the PNS panel, select a monitor as destination and the camera under test as source.
- Send "Camera Power On" command from the PMS panel.
- 4. Select "External Sync" on manitor.
- Observe video displayed on monitor.
 Note that if video on monitor is synchronized (i.e., stable raster) then this indicates that the camera is receiving composite sync from the RCU and that the camera is producing synchronized video.
- Send Pan, Till, Focus, Zoom, ALC, and Gamma commands and visually (either via the manitor or direct observation) verify operation.
- Select downlink as destination and camera under test as source.
- Observe video routed to downlink.
 Send "Camero Power Off" command via
- Send "Camera Power Off" command via PHS panel.
- Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands via the MDM command path.

DAZINSPECTION

<u>Procurement Control</u> - The TTVC EEE Parts and hardware items are procured from approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirements set forth in the ITVC contract. Resident OPRO personnel review a)? procurement documents to establish the need for GSI on selected parts (PAI ST?).

<u> Incoming Inspection and Storage</u> - Incoming Quality inspections are made on all received materials and parts. Results are recorded by lot and retained in file by drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. All EEE parts are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called for in PAP A4.14 - Incoming Inspeclion Test Instructions. Incoming [light parts are further processed in accordance with Lockheed Martin 3267828. Mechanical items are inspected per PAP A4.14 - Supplier Quality Assurance, and PAP Eld.8.1 - Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchased Parts Designated for flight Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Controlled Stores and retained under specified conditions until fabrication is required. Non-conforming materials are held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition. [PAP A4.14.]

Agard Assembly, & Test - Prior to the start of TVC board assembly, all items are verified to be correct by stock room personnel, as the items are accomplated to form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). OPRO Mandalory Inspection Points are designed for all

QA/INSPECTION (Cont.)

printed circuit, plus harness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, solder splices and quality workmanship prior to coating of the component side of boards and sleeving of harnesses.

QA/INSPECTION (Cont.)

IIVC Opards

Specific ITVC board assembly and test instructions are provided in drawing notes. and applicable documents are called out in the Fabrication Procedure and Record (FPR-20007442) and parts list PL20007442. These include Process Standard-Bonding RIV-566 2280881, Process Standard - floading Veloro Tape 2280009, Specification Soldering 2280749, Specification - Crimping 2280000, Specification - Bunding and Staking 2280078, Specification - Urelhane coating 2280877, Specification - Marking 2280876, Specification - Workmanship 8030035. Specification Donding and Staking 2280875, Specification-Wave Solder 228082), Specification-Printed Wire Doard Staking 2280051, Specification-Reflow Soldering 2280/54, Specification-Soldering Surface Mount Components 20005710.

QA/INSPECTION (Cont.)

TIVE Assembly and Test

An open how lest is performed per IP-IT-20007442 and an Acceptunce Test per IP-AT-20007442, including vibration and thermal vacuum. Torques are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are recorded and calibrated tools are thecked prior to use. Lockheed Martin Quality and OPRO inspections are performed at the completion of specified FPR operations in accordance with PAP-2.6.1, PAP-2.9, PAP-2.11, PAP-E6.1, and PAP-8.5. OPRO personnel witness ITVC button-up and critical torquing.

The IIVC is packaged according to NASA documents NH86000.IC and NH85300.4(102) which defines packaging and handling requirements. All related documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, ABPL, Test Data, etc., is gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned specifically to each assembly. This folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is prepared for each assembly in accordance with the requirements of PAP 62.3, tookheed Martin QC and OPRO personnel witness crating, packaging, packing, and marking, and review the CIDP for completeness and accuracy.

TABLE 1. ACCEPTANCE TEST FLOW

ROOM_AMBIENT PERFORMANCE TEST

Test conducted per the requirements of MASA approved TP-AT-20007442.

ACCEPTANCE VIBRATION EXPOSURE

20-80 Hz: 3 dB/ogtave risc from 0.01 g^2/Hz to

0.04 g²/Hz 80-350 Hz: 0.04 g²/Hz

350-2000 Hz: 3 dB/oclave decrease to 0.006 g2/Hz

Test Ouralium: 1 minute/axis, operating

Test Level: 6.1 grms

POST-VIBRATION, FUNCTIONAL, CHECK

Test conducted per the requirements of NASA approved IP-A1-20007442.

4. ACCEPTANCE THERMAL-YACUUH EXPOSURE

1.5 cycles total from +115 deg f to +14 deg f. After stabilization, one hour minimum duration at each plateau. In-spec functional tests performed at each plateau.

5. COST-ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE TEST

Room ambient performance tests conducted in accordance with NASA approved TP-AI-20007442.

TAULE 2. QUALIFICATION TEST FLOW

1. ENE

Conducted tests run in accordance with the requirements of SL-E-0002B, including CSO1, ESO2, CSO6, TTO1, CFO1; and CEO3. Radiated tests run in accordance with SL-E-0002B including RSO2, RSO3, and REU2 except that the test current for RSO2 was 2 amps in lieu of 20 amps.

2. QUAL FOR ACCEPTANCE VIDRATION

20-00 Hz: 3 dB/octave increasing to 0.067 g²/Hz

8D-350 Hz: 0.067/octave

350-2000 Hz; 3 dh/octave decrease lest Level: 7.8 gras

Test Duration: 5 minutes/axis operating

3. ELIGHT QUALIFICATION VIBRATION

20-70 Hz: θ dB/ogtave increasing to 0.4 g^2/Hz

70-500 Hz: 0.4 g²/Hz

500-2000 (Iz: 6 d8/octave decrease

Test Level: 18.1 orms

Jest Duration: 40 minutes/axis non-operating

4. DIERMAL-VACUUM

7.5 cycles total from +120 deg f to +9 deg f.
After stabilization, one hour minimum duration at each plateau. In-spec functional tests performed at each plateau.

5. THERMAL SIMULATION

Worst case hot and cold mission environments simulated in vacuum. During hot case, in-spec aperation is required for 6 of 14 consecutive hours. During cold case, in-spec operation is required for 14 consecutive hours.

6. HUHIOI (Y

120 hours exposure to 85% RH including four 24 hour temperature cycles of +60 deg F to +125 deg f, non-operating.